Preliminary Amendment

USSN: 10/782,695

In the claims:

Please cancel claims 1-18 and add new claims 19-28. This listing of the claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the applications.

1-18. (Canceled)

- 19. (New): A method for identifying a compound capable of treating a cellular growth or proliferative disorder, wherein the cellular growth or proliferative disorder is selected from the group consisting of lung cancer, breast cancer and colon cancer, the method comprising:
 - a) contacting a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14 with a test compound under conditions suitable for binding, wherein the polypeptide has galactosyltransferase-1 activity;
 - b) detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide to identify a test compound that binds to the polypeptide;
 - c) incubating the test compound which binds to the polypeptide with cells selected from the group consisting of lung cancer cells, breast cancer cells and colon cancer cells; and
 - d) determining whether or not the test compound inhibits growth or proliferation of the cells to thereby identify a compound capable of treating lung cancer, breast cancer or colon cancer.
- 20. (New): The method of claim 19, wherein the compound is a small molecule.
- 21. (New): The method of claim 19, wherein the polypeptide is encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:13 or SEQ ID NO:15.
- 22. (New): The method of claim 19, wherein the polypeptide further includes heterologous sequences.

23. (New): The method of claim 19, wherein the binding of the test compound to the polypeptide is detected by a method selected from the group consisting of:

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- a) direct detecting of test compound/polypeptide binding;
- b) a competition binding assay;
- c) an immunoassay;
- d) a yeast two-hybrid assay; and
- e) an assay for galactosyltransferase-1 activity.
- 24. (New): A method for identifying a compound capable of treating a cellular growth or proliferative disorder, wherein the cellular growth or proliferative disorder is selected from the group consisting of lung cancer, breast cancer and colon cancer, the method comprising:
 - a) contacting a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14 with a test compound under conditions suitable for binding;
 - b) detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide to identify a test compound that binds to the polypeptide;
 - c) incubating the test compound which binds to the polypeptide with cells selected from the group consisting of lung cancer cells, breast cancer cells and colon cancer cells; and
 - d) determining whether or not the test compound inhibits growth or proliferation of the cells to thereby identify a compound capable of treating lung cancer, breast cancer or colon cancer.
- 25. (New): The method of claim 24, wherein the compound is a small molecule.
- 26. (New): The method of claim 24, wherein the polypeptide is encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:13 or SEQ ID NO:15.
- 27. (New): The method of claim 24, wherein the polypeptide further includes heterologous sequences.

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28. (New): The method of claim 24, wherein the binding of the test compound to the polypeptide is detected by a method selected from the group consisting of:

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- a) direct detecting of test compound/polypeptide binding;
- b) a competition binding assay;
- c) an immunoassay;
- d) a yeast two-hybrid assay; and
- e) an assay for galactosyltransferase-1 activity.